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DOE200 - Docker: Administration

Presentation

Objectives: Master the administration of Operating-system-level virtualization with Docker.

Who can benefit: Linux Technicians and Administrators.

Prerequisites: Taken the **DOE100 - Docker**: **Implementation** course or possess equivalent skills. **Learning technique**: Clear, theoretical course content divided into lessons and extensive LABS. **Student Progression**: Student progression is monitored both in terms of effective attendance and in terms of comprehension using self-assessment tests.

Duration: 2 days (14 hours).

Prerequisites

Hardware

- A computer running MacOS, Linux, Windows[™] or Solaris[™],
- AZERTY FR or QWERTY US keyboard,
- Minimum 4 GB of RAM,
- Minimum dual-core processor,
- Headphones/Earphones,
- A microphone (optional).

Software

- If Windows™ Putty and WinSCP,
- Chrome or Firefox web browser.

Internet

- A fast Internet connection (4G minimum) and no proxy,
- Unhindered access to the following domains: https://my-short.link, https://itraining.center, https://ittraining.io, https://ittraining.institute, https://ittraining.support.

Curriculum

Day #1

- DOE200 Docker: Administration 1 hour.
 - Prerequisites
 - Hardware
 - Software
 - Internet
 - Using the Infrastructure
 - Connecting to the Cloud Server
 - Linux, MacOS and Windows 10 with a built-in ssh client
 - Windows 7 and Windows 10 without a built-in ssh client
 - Starting the Virtual Machine
 - Connecting to the Virtual Machine
 - Course Curriculum
- DOE201 Creating an image registry 3 hours.
 - LAB #1 Installing a private registry
 - Installing Docker
 - Preparation
 - 1.1 Creating a local registry,
 - 1.2 Installing a registry on a dedicated server
- DOE202 Docker Compose, Docker Machine and Docker Swarm 3 hours.
 - ∘ LAB #1 Docker Compose
 - 1.1 Installation
 - 1.2 Using docker-compose
 - ∘ LAB #2 Docker Machine
 - 2.1 Presentation
 - 2.2 Preparation
 - Docker-CE
 - Mac
 - Linux
 - Windows
 - VirtualBox
 - 2.3 Installation
 - Mac
 - Linux
 - Windows
 - 2.4 Creating Docker virtual machines
 - 2.5 List the Docker virtual machines
 - 2.6 Obtaining the virtual machine IP address
 - 2.7 Connecting to the virtual machine
 - LAB #3 Docker Swarm
 - 3.1 Presentation
 - 3.2 Initialising Docker Swarm
 - 3.3 The Leader
 - 3.4 Joining the Swarm
 - 3.5 Getting Swarm information
 - 3.6 Starting a service
 - 3.7 Scaling up and scaling down a service
 - 3.8 Getting node information

- 3.9 High availability
- 3.10 Deleting a service

Jour #2

- DOE203 Managing a network within Swarm 3 hours.
 - Networking and Docker
 - LAB #1 Preparation
 - 1.1 Importing the virtual machines
 - 1.2 Connecting to the virtual machines
 - ∘ LAB #2 Managing an Overlay network
 - 2.1 Creating an Overlay network
 - 2.2 Creating a service
 - 2.3 Moving a service to another Overlay network
 - 2.4 DNS container discovery
 - 2.5 Creating a personalised Overlay network
 - LAB #3 Managing microservices
 - 3.1 Using a Bridge network and links
 - 3.2 Using an Overlay network and Docker Swarm
- DOF204 Managing Docker's Security 3 heures.
 - LAB #1 Creating a standard user to manage the Docker daemon
 - LAB #2 The docker-bench-security.sh script
 - LAB #3 Securing and configuring the Docker host
 - 3.1 [WARN] 1.2.1 Ensure a separate partition for containers has been created
 - 3.2 [WARN] 1.2.3 Ensure auditing is configured for the Docker daemon
 - LAB #4 Securing and configuring the Docker daemon
 - 4.1 [WARN] 2.1 Ensure network traffic is restricted between containers on the default bridge
 - 4.2 [WARN] 2.8 Enable user namespace support
 - 4.3 [WARN] 2.11 Ensure that authorization for Docker client commands is enabled
 - 4.4 [WARN] 2.12 Ensure centralized and remote logging is configured
 - 4.5 [WARN] 2.14 Ensure Userland Proxy is Disabled
 - 4.6 [WARN] 2.17 Ensure containers are restricted from acquiring new privileges
 - 4.7 The /etc/docker/daemon.json file
 - LAB #5 Securing images and image construction files
 - 5.1 [WARN] 4.1 Ensure a user for the container has been created
 - 5.2 [WARN] 4.5 Ensure Content trust for Docker is Enabled
 - 5.3 [WARN] 4.6 Ensure that HEALTHCHECK instructions have been added to container images
 - LAB #6 Securing the Container Runtime
 - 6.1 [WARN] 5.1 Ensure AppArmor Profile is Enabled
 - 6.2 [WARN] 5.2 Ensure SELinux security options are set, if applicable
 - 6.3 [WARN] 5.10 Ensure memory usage for container is limited
 - 6.4 [WARN] 5.11 Ensure CPU priority is set appropriately on the container
 - 6.5 [WARN] 5.12 Ensure the container's root filesystem is mounted as read only
 - 6.6 [WARN] 5.14 Ensure 'on-failure' container restart policy is set to '5'
 - 6.7 [WARN] 5.25 Ensure the container is restricted from acquiring additional privileges

- 6.8 [WARN] 5.26 Ensure container health is checked at runtime
- 6.9 [WARN] 5.28 Ensure PIDs cgroup limit is used
- LAB #7 Docker Content Trust (DCT)
 - 7.1 The DOCKER CONTENT TRUST variable
 - 7.2 DCT and the docker pull command
 - The disable-content-trust option
 - 7.3 DCT and the docker push command
 - 7.4 DCT and the docker build command
 - Creating a second repositry
 - Deleting a signature
- LAB #8 Securing the Docker daemon socket
 - 8.1 Creating a Certification Authority certificate
 - 8.2 Creating the Docker daemon's server certificate
 - 8.3 Creating the client certificate
 - 8.4 Starting the Docker daemon
 - 8.5 Configuring the client
- DOE205 Course completion 1 hour.
 - What's next?
 - Training materials
 - What you need
 - Hardware
 - Software
 - Virtual Machine
 - What we covered
 - Day #1
 - Day #2
 - Resetting the course infrastructure
 - Evaluate the training session
 - Thanks

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